

# Now you can prescribe and sign online for Adempas

VALIDATE

REGISTER

SIGN

ENROLL

E-signature capabilities allow you to complete, sign, and submit all required patient forms.

Get started at [adempas-us.com](https://www.adempas-us.com)

## INDICATIONS

- Adempas (riociguat) tablets is indicated for the treatment of adults with persistent/recurrent chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH) (WHO Group 4) after surgical treatment, or inoperable CTEPH, to improve exercise capacity and WHO functional class.
- Adempas is indicated for the treatment of adults with pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) (WHO Group 1) to improve exercise capacity, improve WHO functional class, and to delay clinical worsening.\*

Efficacy was shown in patients on Adempas monotherapy or in combination with endothelin receptor antagonists or prostanoids. Studies establishing effectiveness included predominantly patients with WHO functional class II–III and etiologies of idiopathic or heritable PAH (61%) or PAH associated with connective tissue diseases (25%).

\*Time to clinical worsening was a combined endpoint defined as death (all-cause mortality), heart/lung transplantation, atrial septostomy, hospitalization due to persistent worsening of pulmonary hypertension, start of new PAH-specific treatment, persistent decrease in 6MWD, and persistent worsening of WHO functional class.

For additional Important Safety Information, please see next page. For important risk and use information, please see full Prescribing Information, including Boxed Warning, at: <https://www.adempas-us.com/PI/>

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### WARNING: EMBRYO-FETAL TOXICITY

**Do not administer Adempas (riociguat) tablets to a pregnant female because it may cause fetal harm.**

**Females of reproductive potential: Exclude pregnancy before the start of treatment, monthly during treatment, and one month after stopping treatment. To prevent pregnancy, females of reproductive potential must use effective forms of contraception during treatment and for one month after stopping treatment.**

**For all female patients, Adempas is available only through a restricted program called the Adempas Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Program.**



Hover your phone camera over the code to begin enrollment process.

 **Adempas**<sup>®</sup>  
riociguat tablets

0.5mg | 1mg | 1.5mg | 2mg | 2.5mg

Follow the prompts on screen to complete these steps for all patients



For female patients, repeat these steps for the REMS enrollment form.  
You will receive 3 emails for male patients and 7 emails for female patients.

## VALIDATE

Validate prescriber information

## REGISTER

Register your patient, choose support services, and prescribe



Hover your phone camera over the code to begin enrollment process

Enter your NPI number and verify your office information



Learn more at [adempas-us.com](https://adempas-us.com)

You will receive 2 emails, with a link and password, prompting you to sign electronically

## CONTRAINDICATIONS

### Adempas is contraindicated in:

- Pregnancy. Based on data from animal reproduction studies, Adempas may cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman and is contraindicated in females who are pregnant. Adempas was consistently shown to have teratogenic effects when administered to animals. If this drug is used during pregnancy, or if the patient becomes pregnant while taking this drug, the patient should be apprised of the potential hazard to the fetus.
- Co-administration with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite) in any form.
- Concomitant administration with specific phosphodiesterase (PDE)-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or nonspecific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline) is contraindicated. Do not administer within 24 hours of sildenafil. Do not administer 24 hours before or within 48 hours after tadalafil.
- Patients with Pulmonary Hypertension associated with Idiopathic Interstitial Pneumonias (PH-IIP).

## WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

**Embryo-Fetal Toxicity.** Based on data from animal reproduction studies, Adempas may cause embryo-fetal toxicity when administered to a pregnant female and is contraindicated in females who are pregnant. Advise females of reproductive potential of the potential risk to a fetus. Obtain a pregnancy test before the start of treatment, monthly during treatment, and for one month after stopping treatment. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with Adempas and for at least one month after the last dose.

For females, Adempas is only available through a restricted program under the Adempas REMS Program.

For additional Important Safety Information, please see next page.

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## SIGN

Accept Terms & Conditions and sign electronically



Sign with your finger, mouse, or stylus

For female patients continue to [adempasrems.com](https://adempasrems.com)

REMS

For male patients

## ENROLL

Enrollment form is sent to patient to complete



Sign with your finger, mouse, or stylus

2

You will receive 2 emails prompting you to attest and sign

Repeat to enroll more patients

### WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (continued)

**Adempas REMS Program.** Females can only receive Adempas through the Adempas REMS Program, a restricted distribution program.

Important requirements of the Adempas REMS Program include the following:

- Prescribers must be certified with the program by enrolling and completing training.
- All females, regardless of reproductive potential, must enroll in the Adempas REMS Program prior to initiating Adempas. Male patients are not enrolled in the Adempas REMS Program.
- Female patients of reproductive potential must comply with the pregnancy testing and contraception requirements.
- Pharmacies must be certified with the program and must only dispense to patients who are authorized to receive Adempas.

Further information, including a list of certified pharmacies, is available at [www.AdempasREMS.com](https://www.AdempasREMS.com) or 1-855-4ADEMPAS.

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**Aim Access and  
Financial Support**



**myAim Education &  
Encouragement**



**Aim Nursing  
Support**



**Learn more at [Adempas-us.com](https://www.adempas-us.com)**

## WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

**Hypotension.** Adempas reduces blood pressure. Consider the potential for symptomatic hypotension or ischemia in patients with hypovolemia, severe left ventricular outflow obstruction, resting hypotension, autonomic dysfunction, or concomitant treatment with antihypertensives or strong CYP and P-gp/BCRP inhibitors. Consider a dose reduction if patient develops signs or symptoms of hypotension.

**Bleeding.** In the placebo-controlled clinical trials, serious bleeding occurred in 2.4% of patients taking Adempas compared to 0% of placebo patients. Serious hemoptysis occurred in 5 (1%) patients taking Adempas compared to 0 placebo patients, including one event with fatal outcome. Serious hemorrhagic events also included 2 patients with vaginal hemorrhage, 2 with catheter-site hemorrhage, and 1 each with subdural hematoma, hematemesis, and intra-abdominal hemorrhage.

**Pulmonary Veno-Occlusive Disease.** Pulmonary vasodilators may significantly worsen the cardiovascular status of patients with pulmonary veno-occlusive disease (PVOD). Therefore, administration of Adempas to such patients is not recommended. Should signs of pulmonary edema occur, the possibility of associated PVOD should be considered and if confirmed, discontinue treatment with Adempas.

## MOST COMMON ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most common adverse reactions occurring more frequently ( $\geq 3\%$ ) on Adempas than placebo were headache (27% vs 18%), dyspepsia/gastritis (21% vs 8%), dizziness (20% vs 13%), nausea (14% vs 11%), diarrhea (12% vs 8%), hypotension (10% vs 4%), vomiting (10% vs 7%), anemia (7% vs 2%), gastroesophageal reflux disease (5% vs 2%), and constipation (5% vs 1%).

Other events that were seen more frequently in Adempas compared to placebo and potentially related to treatment were palpitations, nasal congestion, epistaxis, dysphagia, abdominal distension, and peripheral edema.

**For additional Important Safety Information, please see previous pages.**

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